



Curriculum Overview

READING PROGRESSION GRID

		KS1		KS2			
	YR	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Phonics & Decoding	Identify the taught GPCs (the sounds that the letters make) including some digraphs.	Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.	Apply phonic decoding until automatic and reading is fluent.	Use phonic knowledge to decode quickly and accurately	Read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill.	Read most words fluently and attempt to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.	Read fluently with full knowledge of all Y5/ Y6 exception words, root words, prefixes,
	Blend the taught sounds to read CVC, CVCC and CCVC words.	Re-read books to build fluency and confidence.	Read common suffixes (-ed, -ing, -er, -est, -y, -er, -ment, -ful, -ness, -less, -ly)	Apply growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes, including in-, im-, il-, ir-, dis-, mis-, un-, re-, sub-, inter-, super-, anti- and auto- to begin to read aloud.	Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/word endings to read aloud fluently.	Apply growing knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes/ word endings, including -sion, -tion, -cial, -tial, -ant/-ance/-ancy, -ent/- ence/-ency, -able/-ably and -ible/ibly, to read aloud fluently.	suffixes/word endings and to decode any unfamiliar words with increasing speed and skill, recognising their meaning through contextual cues.
Comparing, Contrasting and Commenting	Read some taught common exception/ high frequency and familiar words.	Read simple sentences and understand the meaning with some fluency and expression.	Re-read books to build up fluency and confidence in word reading, note punctuation to read with appropriate expression.	Read aloud accurately and understand the meaning of new words they meet			
	Read simple sentences made up of words with taught sounds and common exception words.	Speedily read all 40+ letters /groups for 40+ phonemes including alternative sounds for graphemes	Read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes.	Read further exception words.			
		Read Year 1 common exception words.					
		Read words containing common suffixes (-s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -est)					
		Read words with contractions, e.g. I'm, I'll and we'll.	Read Year 2 common exception words.				
			Accurately read most words of two or more syllables without overt sounding and blending.				
	Express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions.	Listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, non-fiction and poetry at a level beyond that at which they can read independently.	Participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them (at a level beyond at which they can read independently) and those that they can read for themselves, explaining their understanding and expressing their views.	Recognise, listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks.	Discuss and compare texts from a wide variety of genres and writers.	Read a wide range of genres, identifying the characteristics of text types (such as the use of the first person in writing diaries and autobiographies) and differences between text types.	Read for pleasure, discussing, comparing and evaluating in depth across a wide range of genres, including myths, legends, traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other cultures and traditions.
	Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past.	Link what they have read or have read to them to their own experiences.		Use appropriate terminology when discussing texts (plot, character, setting).	Read for a range of purposes.	Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views	Recognise more complex themes in what they read (such as loss or heroism).
	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words.	Retell familiar stories in increasing detail.	Become increasingly familiar with and to retell a wide range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales.		Identify themes and conventions in a wide range of books.		Explain and discuss their
		Join in with discussions			Refer to authorial style, overall themes (e.g. triumph of good over evil) and features (e.g. greeting in letters, a diary written in the first person or the use of		

	Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary	about a text, taking turns and listening to what others say. Discuss the significance of titles and events.	Discuss the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related. Recognise simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry. Ask and answer questions about a text. Make links between the text they are reading and other texts they have read (in texts that they can read independently).		presentational devices such as numbering and headings). Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning. Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise these.	courteously. Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and to summarise these. Recommend texts to peers based on personal choice.	understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary. Listen to guidance and feedback on the quality of their explanations and contributions to discussions and to make improvements when participating in discussions. Draw out key information and to summarise the main ideas in a text. Distinguish independently between statements of fact and opinion, providing reasoned justifications for their views. Compare characters, settings and themes within a text and across more than one text.
Words in Context and Authorial Choice	Use a wider range of vocabulary. Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. Learn and use new vocabulary throughout the day and in different contexts. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.	Discuss word meaning and link new meanings to those already known.	Discuss and clarify the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary. Discuss their favourite words and phrases.	Check that the text makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and explaining the meaning of words in context. Discuss authors' choice of words and phrases for effect.	Discuss vocabulary used to capture readers' interest and imagination.	Discuss vocabulary used by the author to create effect including figurative language. Evaluate the use of authors' language and explain how it has created an impact on the reader.	Analyse and evaluate the use of language, including figurative language and how it is used for effect, using technical terminology such as metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery, style and effect.

	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.						
Inference	Understand ‘why’ questions, like: “Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?”	Begin to make simple inferences.	Make inferences on the basis of what is being said and done.	Ask and answer questions appropriately, including some simple inference questions based on characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives.	Draw inferences from characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives that justifies their actions, supporting their views with evidence from the text.	Draw inferences from characters’ feelings, thoughts and motives.	Consider different accounts of the same event and to discuss viewpoints (both of authors and of fictional characters). Discuss how characters change and develop through texts by drawing inferences based on indirect clues.
Prediction	Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far.	Predict what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far in a text.	Justify predictions using evidence from the text.	Justify predictions using evidence from the text.	Make predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text.	Make predictions based on details stated and implied, justifying them in detail with evidence from the text.
Poetry and Performance	Sing a large repertoire of songs. Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down and down and up) of familiar songs. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with their peers and their teacher. Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc. and develop storylines in their pretend play.	Develop an appreciation of rhymes an poems and recite simple poems by heart.	Continue to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.	Prepare and perform poems and play scripts that show some awareness of the audience when reading aloud. Begin to use appropriate intonation and volume when reading aloud.	Recognise and discuss some different forms of poetry (e.g. free verse or narrative poetry). Prepare and perform poems and play scripts with appropriate techniques (intonation, tone, volume and action) to show awareness of the audience when reading aloud.	Continually show an awareness of audience when reading out loud using intonation, tone, volume and action.	Confidently perform texts (including poems learnt by heart) using a wide range of devices to engage the audience and for effect.

	Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know. Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music.						
Non-Fiction	Engage in non-fiction books. Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.	Listen to and discuss a wide range of non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently	Recognise that non-fiction books are often structured in different ways.	Retrieve and record information from non-fiction texts.	Use all of the organisational devices available within a non-fiction text to retrieve, record and discuss information. Use dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read.	Use knowledge of texts and organisation devices to retrieve, record and discuss information from fiction and non-fiction texts.	Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction texts. Use non-fiction materials for purposeful information retrieval (e.g. in reading history, geography and science textbooks) and in contexts where pupils are genuinely motivated to find out information (e.g. reading information leaflets before a gallery or museum visit or reading a theatre programme or review).